

Version 3 / AUS 102000012891

Revision Date: 24.10.2023 Print Date: 24.10.2023

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier	
Trade name	Atlantis® OD Selective Herbicide
Product code (UVP)	05981440

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Use	Herbicide		
1.3 Details of the supplier of	1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Bayer Cropscience Pty Ltd ABN 87 000 226 022 Level 4, 109 Burwood Rd Hawthorn 3122 Victoria Australia		
Telephone	(03) 9248 6888		
Telefax	(03) 9248 6800		
Responsible Department	1800 804 479 Technical Information Service		
Website	www.crop.bayer.com.au		

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 1800 033 111 IXOM Operations Pty Ltd

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Australian GHS Regulation

Skin irritation: Category 2H315Causes skin irritation.Serious eye damage: Category 1H318Causes serious eye damage.Skin sensitisation: Category 1AH317May cause an allergic skin reaction.Germ cell mutagenicity: Category 1H340May cause genetic defects.Careinaganicity: Category 1

Carcinogenicity: Category 1 H350 May cause cancer.

Aspiration hazard: Category 1



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H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to specific Australian legislation

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Mesosulfuron-methyl Mefenpyr-diethyl Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements

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P202 P261 P264 P280 P301 + P310 P331 P302 + P352 P333 + P313 P305 + P351	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing mist/ spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/ soap. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
+ P338	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 P308 + P313	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ physician.
P362 + P364	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

Mesosulfuron-methyl:Mefenpyr-diethyl 30:90 g/l



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Oil dispersion (OD)

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration [%]
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	8.74
Mesosulfuron-methyl	208465-21-8	2.91
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy	64742-94-5	> 25.00
aromatic		
Docusate sodium	577-11-7	< 7.00
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	>= 1.00 - <= 5.00
Naphthalene	91-20-3	< 1.00
Other ingredients (non-hazardous) to 100%		

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, immediately contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (telephone 13 11 26), and follow the advice given. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

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General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.	
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.	
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion. Rinse mouth. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. To prevent aspiration of swallowed product, lay in stable position on one side.	
4.2 Most important symptom	s and effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Somnolence	
	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.	
	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.	
	Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:	
	Cough, Shortness of breath, Cyanosis, Fever	
	Symptoms and hazards refer to the solvent.	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		

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Risks	
Treatment	

Contains hydrocarbon solvents. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media			
Suitable	Water spray, Foam, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)		
Unsuitable	High volume water jet		
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	In the event of fire the following may be released: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), Cyanides		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective equipment for firefighters	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.		
Further information	Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat. Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.		
Hazchem Code	•3Z		

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Remove all sources of ignition. When dealing with a spillage do not eat, drink or smoke.		
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.		
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			
Methods for cleaning up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.		



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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.	
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.	
Hygiene measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Requirements for storage areas and containers	Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store bulk material and packed materials in a closed warehouse or under cover protected against direct sunlight and frost.	

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Mesosulfuron-methyl	208465-21-8	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Naphthalene	91-20-3	79 mg/m3/15 ppm (STEL)	12 2011	AU NOEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	52 mg/m3/10 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	AU NOEL
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10 ppm (TLV)		OES BCS*

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.
Hand protection	Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the



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	inside, when perforated or v	Nitrile rubber
Eye protection		to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent) to EN166, Field of Use = 3 or
Skin and body protection	type suit. Wear two layers of clothing cotton overalls should be w should be professionally law If chemical protection suit is	the exposure, consider a higher protective wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or yorn under chemical protection suit and undered frequently. s splashed, sprayed or significantly ate as far as possible, then carefully
General protective measures	In normal use and handling and/or leaflet. In all other ca recommendations would ap	
Engineering Controls		
Advice on safe handling	Ise only in area provided with	appropriate exhaust ventilation.

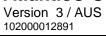
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	Liquid
Colour	yellow to brown
Odour	aromatic
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	5.5 - 7.5 (10 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)
Melting point/range	No data available
Boiling Point	No data available
Flash point	94 °C
Flammability	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Thermal decomposition	No data available
Ignition temperature	435 °C

Safety Data Sheet

Atlantis® OD Selective Herbicide





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Minimum ignition energy	No data available
Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)	No data available
Upper explosion limit	7 %(V) The data refer to the solvent.
Lower explosion limit	0.6 %(V) The data refer to the solvent.
Vapour pressure	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available
Relative density	No data available
Density	ca. 1.03 g/cm³ (20 °C)
Water solubility	(20 °C) dispersible
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Mesosulfuron-methyl: log Pow: -0.48
octanowater	Mefenpyr-diethyl: log Pow: 3.83 (21 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic	25 - 60 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 20 /s 15 - 50 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 100 /s
Viscosity, kinematic	23 mm ² /s (40 °C) Shear rate of 20/sec
Surface tension	35.2 mN/m (40 °C)
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity	Stable under normal conditions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.



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10.4 Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Acids, Bases
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 1.33 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Highest attainable concentration. The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient mesosulfuron- methyl.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skin (Rabbit)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Risk of serious damage to eyes (Rabbit)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin: Sensitising (Guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment mutagenicity

Mefenpyr-diethyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Mesosulfuron-methyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Mefenpyr-diethyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Mesosulfuron-methyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Mefenpyr-diethyl caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Mefenpyr-diethyl are related to maternal toxicity. Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mesosulfuron-methyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.



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Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of high concentrations of solvent vapors can cause nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and incoordination. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.

Irritating to skin. Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis. Skin sensitiser. Causes eye damage.

Harmful if swallowed. Small amounts of the solvent in this product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury.

Early onset symptoms related to exposure

Refer to Section 4

Delayed health effects from exposure

Refer to Section 11

Exposure levels and health effects

Refer to Section 4

Interactive effects Not known

When specific chemical data is not available Not applicable

Mixture of chemicals Refer to Section 2.1

Further information

No further toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity	
Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 3.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 3.4 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to aquatic plants	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 2.96 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
	EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 50.7 μg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d
Toxicity to other organisms	LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)) > 2,000 mg/kg The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient mesosulfuron- methyl.



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	The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient mesosulfuron- methyl.	
12.2 Persistence and degrad	lability	
Biodegradability	Mesosulfuron-methyl: Not rapidly biodegradable Mefenpyr-diethyl: Not rapidly biodegradable	
Кос	Mesosulfuron-methyl: Koc: 92 Mefenpyr-diethyl: Koc: 625	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulation	Mesosulfuron-methyl: Does not bioaccumulate. Mefenpyr-diethyl: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 232 Does not bioaccumulate.	
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Mobility in soil	Mesosulfuron-methyl: Moderately mobile in soils Mefenpyr-diethyl: Slightly mobile in soils	
12.5 Other adverse effects		
Additional ecological information	No other effects to be mentioned.	

LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)) > 2,000 mg/kg

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product. Do not reuse container for any other purpose.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

<u> </u>		
	UN number	3082
	Transport hazard class(es)	9
	Subsidiary Risk	None
	Packaging group	III
	Description of the goods	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		(MESOSULFURON-METHYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA
		(PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC SOLUTION)
	Hazchem Code	•3Z

AU01: Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to this Code when transported by road or rail in;



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a) packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or b) IBCs

IMDG

	UN number Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Risk Packaging group Marine pollutant Description of the goods	3082 9 None III YES ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MESOSULFURON-METHYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC SOLUTION)
ΙΑΤΑ	UN number Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Risk Packaging group Environm. Hazardous Mark Description of the goods	3082 9 None III YES ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MESOSULFURON-METHYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC SOLUTION)

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Registered according to the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994 Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority approval number: 62551

SUSMP classification (Poison Schedule)

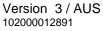
Schedule 5 (Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons)

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Trademark information Atlantis® is a Registered Trademark of the Bayer Group.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
AU OEL	Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric
	Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
CEILING	Ceiling Limit Value
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %





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EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OES BCS	OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"
PEAK	PEAK: Exposure Standard - Peak means a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.
RID SK-SEN	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail Skin sensitiser
SKIN_DES	SKIN_DES: Skin notation: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.
STEL	STEL: Exposure standard - short term exposure limit (STEL): A 15 minute TWA exposure which should not be exceeded at any time during a working day even if the eight-hour TWA average is within the TWA exposure standard. Exposures at the STEL should not be longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than four times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL.
TWA	TWA: Exposure standard - time-weighted average (TWA): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

This SDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user should read this SDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including in conjunction with other products.

Reason for Revision:The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards
Identification. Section 4: First Aid Measures. Section 8: Exposure
Controls / Personal Protection. Section 9: Physical and Chemical
Properties. Section 11: Toxicological Information. Section 12.
Ecological information. Section 13. Disposal considerations.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.